

TAMIL NADU BOARD OF EXAMINATION IN GENERAL NURSING AND
MIDWIFERY - SECOND YEAR

(OLD SYLLABUS)

REGULAR / SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS

JULY / AUGUST - 2017

PAPER - II MEDICAL AND SURGICAL NURSING II

(Specialities including Cardiology Emergency Nursing , Orthopedics, Ophthalmology,
ENT and Communicable Diseases)

Time: 3 hours

Maximum marks – 75

[N.B - Answer all questions. Draw diagrams wherever necessary]

I. Define the following :-

Marks
5 x 1 = 5

- (a) Metastasis
- (b) Presbyopia
- (c) Scabies
- (d) Vertigo
- (e) Kyphosis.

II. Fill in the blanks :-

5 X 1 = 5

- (a) The causative organism of amebic dysentery is ----- .
- (b) Inflammation of the skin is termed as ----- .
- (c) The branch of medicine dealing with the ear is known as ----- .
- (d) Drooping of the eyelids is called ----- .
- (e) Dilatation of an artery due to weakening of the arterial wall is ----- .

III. Match the following :-

5 x 1 = 5

- | A | B |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (a) Talipes | - (1) Faint |
| (b) Syncope | - (2) Paramyxovirus |
| (c) Tetralogy of Fallot | - (3) BCG |
| (d) Mumps | - (4) Congenital Heart disease |
| (e) Vaccine | - (5) Club foot |

Turn over]

IV. State Whether **True or False**, if False give the correct answer : -

Marks
5 x 1 = 5

- (a) A Peritonsillar abscess is also called as Pyorrhea
- (b) Pap smear is done to detect Cervical cancer
- (c) Tachypnea is the Hoarseness of the voice
- (d) Decreased sodium level in the blood is Hyponatremia
- (e) Gonorrhoea is a sexually Transmitted disease.

V. Short notes on **any five** of the following : -

5 x 5 = 25

- (a) Poliomyelitis and its management
- (b) Mastoiditis
- (c) Gastroenteritis
- (d) Skin traction
- (e) Anemia
- (f) Role of the Nurse in Nutrition and drug management of patient with HIV / AIDS

VI. Explain **any three** of the following : -

3 x 10 = 30

- (a) Describe Chemotherapy, Mention the side effects and Explain the nursing management during Chemotherapy
- (b) What is coronary atherosclerosis , Write the clinical manifestations, Explain its management and prevention of a patient with atherosclerosis
- (c) Define Infective Hepatitis, Describe the pathogenesis of Infective Hepatitis, Explain the management and preventive measures of Infective Hepatitis.
- (d) Define BPH ,Enumerate the clinical features of BPH and Explain the surgical and Nursing management of a patient with BPH.